Commercial

+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+@+ WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY-Light trades, fair weather. Last 24 hours' rainfall .00; temperature, max. 85, min. 75.



Established July 2, 1856.

American.

SUGAR-186º 7est Centrifugals, 4.255 Centre Per Ton. \$85.10; 88 Analysis Beets, 10s 8 d; Per

WOL. XXXIX., NO. 6885.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

ANSHANCHAN'S BLOODY FIGHT

Official Report of the Battle Which Opened the Road to Liaoyang.

Washington, August 30th, 1904. (Received at 5:35 p. ro.)

Mr. Miki Saito, Honolulu.

Pressing engagements in the direction of Liaoyang have taken place.' Our first army commenced the attack on the 25th of August. The enemy was strongly posted on steep-mountain ridges twentythree miles southeast of Liaoyang. In the night we used our army's central column and after a bayonet charge our infantry succeeded in carrying the enemy's position of that side, but the enemy's right and left wings continued to offer desperate resistance. On the 26th severe fighting was resumed, but the enemy's resistance remained unabated. At that night our right column, after a sanguinary engagement, carried the enemy's left and captured guns. On the 27th our whole column resumed the attack, and at sunset the entire line of the enemy's position fell into our hands. Our casualties were about 2000. At the same time our other armies' marched towards Anshanchan, wherefrom the enemy retired without resistance. Our armies pursued while our detachment intercepted the enemy who thereupon fell back toward Liaoyang in utter confusion, apparently suffering considerable damage from our fire. We also captured eight field-guns, a large quantity of ammunition and many carts. TAKAHIRA.

PRESIDING CHEF OF LYCURGUS' CIRCUIT

Judge Gear in his time has played many parts but last evening he officiated bench affably. as cook in a public restaurant. He succeeded in spoiling a good steak and in said the new cook. "Say, give him a other ways promoting success to crime, piece of pie till I cook this steak." but he did not fail to give the dinner patrons of the Union Grill an immense another waiter rushing in.

Hizzoner seated himself at his favorite table at 6:20 and proceeded to cuss the menu, especially the steaks. Mine Host filling the kitchen with smoke, Looking Lycurgus genially remarked to the around he espied a can of red pepper Judge couldn't cook better ones, where- and wrenching off the top he poured the upon Hizzoner jumped to his feet, de- whole mess on the hot stovetop. In a clared he would show that restaurant minute the restaurant was well-nigh what a good steak looked like and made untenable. Everybody sneezed at once his way to the kitchen, peeling off his and the hoarse, raucous roar of the judicoat as he went. "Hurroo," he yelled cial cough and sneeze was heard through to the chef; "bailiff remove him," and the general din in the kitchen. It took upon that he got in front of the range about ten minutes to get the smells out, and began piling steaks on it. The chef whereupon the Judge came into the dinrescued all but one and then got out of ing room with a steak that looked like the way. Incidentally Gear smashed an a piece of a buggy top and tried to bite egg on the chef's head, "to baptize him," it. He wore a cook's cap and a greasy he said.

In came the waiters with their orders for customers

"Roast beef rare!" you see I'm busy?"

brown potatoes," yelled another waiter, pound of the best butter on it,

"All down but nine," responded the

"One fried oyster!" "Tell him to get it at a church fair," "Little Neck clam stew, quick," said

Judge Gear turned reproachfully and replied: "Ask him if rubber-necked clams won't do?"

Meanwhile the Judge's steak began

"Yes, we had a hot time," said one of Lycurgus' waiters last night, "but no harm was done. The customers seemed "Go to-," said the Judge, "don't to enjoy the fun." Lycurgus remarked that he did not care so much about los-"Two English chops and hashed ing the steak but that Gear had used a

DEATH OF TURKEY'S IMPRISONED SULTAN

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, Aug. 30 .- Former Sultan Murad is dead.

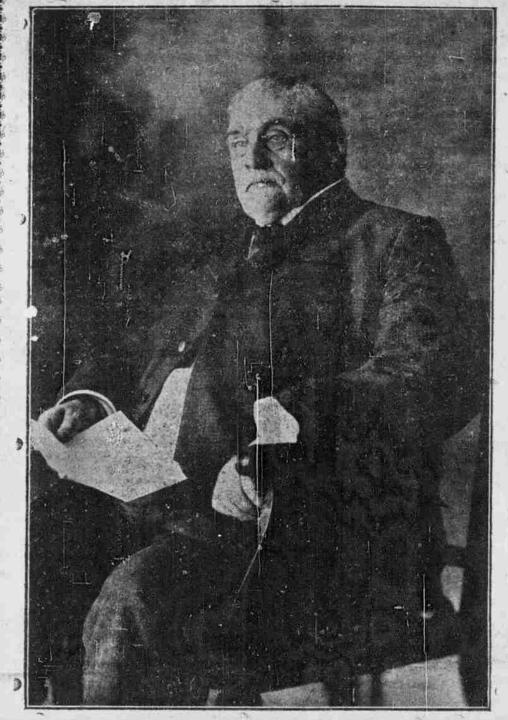
one of the dangers of Sultan Abdul-Hamid. There is no longer the living ghost of a legitimate sultan to dog the footsteps of the ruler of Turkey. The death of Murad recalls to mind some of the worst features of life and intrigues in the imperial seraglios.

For over a quarter of a century the deposed Sultan Murad has undergone a martyrdom in prison at Tcheragan more cruel than were the sufferings of Capain Dreyfus on Devil's Island. He was ave his rooms and the whole period

The death of Sultan Murad removes of his imprisonment consisted in burial in a living grave.

On the morning of May 30, 1876, Prince Murad, eldest son of Sultan Abdul-Medjid, was proclaimed as the successor of his uncle, Abdul-Aziz, who was overthrown by a palace revolution. On the thirty-first of August of the same year Abdul-Hamid, younger brother of Murad, was proclaimed Sultan by a decision of the Minister's Council sanctioned by a sentence based upon the Koran and issued by the chief of Islam. The sentence was based imprisoned on the pretext of madness. insane, though this had not been adwas allowed to see, it is claimed, mitted by Dr. Liedersdorf, the famou

(Continued on page 2.)



HON. P. C. JONES. * **

Islands Would Have Been Bankrupt If They Had Not Come Into the Union --- Irrefutable Showing by Hon. P. C. Jones.

Editor Advertiser:-If the papers, have reported correctly speeches that have been made on the mainland by Governor Carter and Dr. Cooper, to the effect that annexation has not proved a commercial success to the Islands, then I wish to take exceptions to their statements and show that if we had not secured annexation these Islands today would be bankrupt.

ABROGATION OF THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.

It is known that shortly before annexation, a resolution was introduced into the United States Senate to give notice of the abrogation of our reciprocity treaty, and that at a caucus of Republican Senators a resolution was passed by a substantial majority in favor of such resolution. As a result of this action, President McKinley then prepared a treaty of annexation and forwarded it to the Senate. The notice to abrogate was then dropped and annexation took place. But for such action by the President the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty would have certainly taken place, as nearly all the Democratic Senators were in favor of such course.

It is certain if annexation had not been secured-and it would not have been if it had not been for the war with Spain-we would today be going along without any reciprocity treaty, or at the best would not be receiving any greater benefit by reciprocity than DEATH OF AN ENGLISH Cuba is now enjoying. In other words we would today be paying the United States \$26 per ton duty on our sugars, which is 20 per cent less than the present regular duty on sugar imported. The sugar produced in these Islands since 1899, the date when the notice went into effect has been as follows:

1899......282,807 tons 1900.....289,544 1901.....360,038* 1902.....355,611 1903......437,991

If those two million tons had gone to the United States, and under an amended treaty we had paid \$26.00 per ton duty, it would have made \$52,000,000, all of which has been saved by annexation.

In addition to this immense sum, the U.S. Government has paid Shiek-ul-Islam, the supreme religious \$4,000,000 of our 6 per cent bonds; \$1,000,000 of Fire Claims, and upon the alleged fact that Murad was placed these Islands in a position to sell in New York at PAR, their 41 per cent bonds, whereas if we had not been annexed, they could other human face than that of his Vienna specialist, who had been called not have been sold at any price in that market, even if the bonds fallor, and not even a letter, a newspa-per or a book. He was not allowed to patient. Correspondents claim that

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Russians Say Japs Have Twelve Hundred Guns In Action.

Four Hundred Thousand Men Are Fighting and a Bloody Day Expected.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CASLEGRAMS.)

LIAOYANG, Aug. 31.-The entire Japanese army, commanded by Marshal Oyama and including the divisions of Kuroki, Nodzu and Oku attacked Gen. Kuropatkin's position yesterday. The Japanese brought 1200 guns to bear and the contending forces numbered 400,000 men. All arms of the service were engaged and the fighting was desperate. The Russian cavalry made several effective charges. The losses of life on both sides were enormous. The Russian hospitals in Liaoyang are full.

Today the Japanese made several attempts to turn the Russian flank but were unsuccessful. They lost ten guns. Tonight (note difference in time between the eastern and western hemisphere) the artillery fire has ceased. The battle will be resumed tomorrow when the fighting promises to be of the bloodiest character. On it depends the fortunes of the entire war. Gen. Kuroki's forces took no part in today's action.

THE BATTLE OF ANPING.

TOKIO, Aug. 31.-Two thousand Japanese were killed and wounded at Anping and eight Russian guns captured.

SEARCHING BRITISH COLLIERS.

MADRID, Aug. 31.-Ten Russian warships are cruising on the coasts of Spain, Portugal, France and Africa, searching British colliers bound to Japan.

RUSSIA'S NEW LOAN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 31.-A war loan of \$250,000,000 is being arranged with German bankers.

AT PORT ARTHUR.

CHEFOO, Aug. 31.-The assault on Port Arthur continues.

PRELATE AND ATHLETE

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Bishop Ridding is dead.

The Rt. Rev. George Ridding has been Bishop of Southwell since 1884. He was born at Winchester, March 16, 1828. In addition to his long career in the church he was at one time an enthusiastic oarsman and up to lately had been known as a cricket player.

MARATHON RACE.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 31 .- The Marathon race of forty kilometers, with 31 participants, was won by Corey, Chicago second. Time, three hours and twenty-nine minutes.

A BLUE LAW RIOT.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 31 .- A crusade to enforce the blue laws resulted in a riot last night in which one man was killed.